# United States District Court

for the

Northern District of Ohio

United States of America	)		
v.	)		
Cody Sebastian Stokovich	) Case	No.	5:23mj1027-AMK
Defendant			

### ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL

Part I - Eligibility for Detention

Upon the

- ₫ Motion of the Government attorney pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or
- ☐ Motion of the Government or Court's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),

the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.

## Part II - Findings of Fact and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)

☐ A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community because the following conditions have been met: □ (1) the defendant is charged with one of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): ☐ (a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or  $\Box$  (b) an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or (c) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or (d) any felony if such person has been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses described in subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed, or a combination of such offenses; or  $\Box$  (e) any felony that is not otherwise a crime of violence but involves: (i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and (2) the defendant has previously been convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed; and (3) the offense described in paragraph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and (4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the

defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

☐ B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
$\square$ (2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
(2) an offense under 10 c.s.c. §§§ 221(c), 930(a), of 23326,
or more is prescribed;
☐ (4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245,
2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
☐ The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
OR
☐ The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:
By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community.
☐ By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required.
In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:
☑ Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong
☐ Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted
☐ Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision
History of violence or use of weapons
☑ History of alcohol or substance abuse
☐ Lack of stable employment
☐ Lack of stable residence
☐ Lack of financially responsible sureties

**☑** Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release

☐ Background information unknown or unverified

#### OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:

- (1) Nature and circumstances of offense (18 U.S.C. 3142(g)(1)): The defendant is charged as a felon in possession of firearms, an inherently dangerous offense. The circumstances increase that concern. Pursuant to a search warrant, investigators found a rifle, 9mm handgun, and ammunition in the defendant's bedroom. His past convictions prohibit him from possessing firearms. The agent further testified that the relevant search warrant was obtained following surveillance of 3 controlled purchases of methamphetamine from the defendant. A confidential informant also reported multiple firearms in the residence and having discussions with the defendant regarding the possible purchase of the firearms. The search also revealed "traps" apparently designed to hide controlled substances on various vehicles in the garage, one of which contained approximately 228 g of suspected methamphetamine and 93 g of suspected cocaine. These circumstances weigh against release.
- (2) Weight of evidence (18 U.S.C. 3142(g)(2)): The evidence is consistent with possession of multiple firearms and ammunition despite prior felony convictions, in a residence where controlled substances were actively being sold. This weighs against release.
- (3) History and characteristics of defendant (18 U.S.C. 3142(g)(3)): The mother of the defendant's children testified that he spends time with his children and provides financial support. The defendant proffered that his cousin and boss at Keystone Transport would testify that he worked full time in 2022 and was a good worker. The defendant is a high school graduate and is welcome to live with his mother. He reports ongoing drug and alcohol abuse, including use of methamphetamine. His misdemeanor convictions include: assault (2008, 2011), disorderly conduct (2010), possession of marijuana (2010), domestic violence (2011), fleeing & eluding (2011, 2017). He violated probation twice in 2009. His felony convictions include: (1) menacing by stalking and trespass in a habitation (F4) in 2017 and (2) aggravated trafficking with a firearm (F2 & F3) in 2018. Testimony indicates the defendant engaged in two high speed chases to elude arrest in 2017 and 2018, although defense counsel notes this was only charged as misdemeanor fleeing and eluding. The defendant's criminal history weighs against release in light of evidence that he is again engaging in similar behavior.
- 4) Nature and seriousness of danger to any person or community that would be posed by defendant's release (18 U.S.C. 3142(g)(4)): After serving time for drug trafficking with a firearm, violent crimes, and fleeing/eluding, the defendant was found in possession of multiple firearms in a situation consistent with drug trafficking. These factors suggest a serious danger to others and the community.

The government has established by clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of others and the community if the defendant is released.

#### Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Date:	02/13/2023	s/Amanda M. Knapp	
	_	United States Magistrate Judge	